Driver LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV Constant voltage excite series (universal voltage)

Product description

- · Constant voltage LED Driver
- Universal input voltage range
- Max. output power 100 W
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Housing properties

- · Casing: aluminum, grey
- Type of protection IP67
- Dry, damp and wet location
- Potted version: higher protection against corrosion

Functions

- Overtemperature protection
- · Overload protection
- · Short-circuit protection
- · No-load protection

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Standards, page 3

Wiring diagrams and installation example page 3





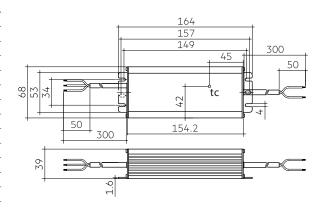




Driver LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV Constant voltage excite series (universal voltage)

Technical data

Technical data	
Rated supply voltage	100 – 277 V
AC voltage range	90 – 305 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Rated current (at 120 V, 60 Hz)	1.5 A
Rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz)	1.5 A
Rated current (at 277 V, 60 Hz)	1.5 A
Leakage current (at 120 V, 60 Hz, full load)	< 750 μΑ
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 750 μΑ
Leakage current (at 277 V, 60 Hz, full load)	< 750 μΑ
Efficiency (at 120 V, 60 Hz)	> 88 %
Efficiency (at 230 V, 50 Hz)	> 90 %
Efficiency (at 277 V, 60 Hz)	> 90 %
λ (at 120 V, 60 Hz)	0.98
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz)	0.95
λ (at 277 V, 60 Hz)	0.9C
Output voltage tolerance	22.8 – 25.2 V
Max. output power	100 W
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Starting time (output)	≤ 1 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	≤ 1 ms
Mains burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	5 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	10 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	< 500 V
Max. casing temperature tc	85 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	45 °C
Storage temperature	-40 +85 °C
Type of protection	IP67
Life-time	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee	5 years
Dimensions LxWxH	178 x 68 x 39 mm
Hole spacing D	163 mm



Dimensions in mm

Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging cartorPackaging palletWeight p				
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	28003297	10 pc(s).	240 pc(s).	0.825 kg		

Specific technical data

Туре	Load	Forward voltage		Max. output	Typ. power consumption	Typ. current consumption	Typ. power consumption	Typ. current consumption	Typ. power consumption	Typ. current consumption	Ambient temperature
				power	(at 120 V, 60 Hz)	(at 120 V, 60 Hz)	(at 230 V, 50 Hz)	(at 230 V, 50 Hz)	(at 277 V, 60 Hz)	(at 277 V, 60 Hz)	ta max.
	10 %	24.5 V	417 mA	10.2 W	14.2 W	133 mA	14.2 W	102 mA	14.1 W	122 mA	-40 60 °C
	20 %	24.5 V	834 mA	20.5 W	24.9 W	217 mA	25.4 W	150 mA	25.1 W	142 mA	-40 60 °C
	30 %	24.5 V	1,251 mA	30.7 W	35.7 W	304 mA	35.9 W	200 mA	36.0 W	171 mA	-40 60 °C
	40 %	24.5 V	1,667 mA	40.9 W	46.7 W	395 mA	46.6 W	247 mA	46.6 W	227 mA	-40 60 °C
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	50 %	24.5 V	2,084 mA	51.1 W	57.7 W	486 mA	57.2 W	289 mA	57.2 W	289 mA	-40 60 °C
LC 100W 24V IPO/ L EXC UNV	60 %	24.5 V	2,501 mA	61.3 W	68.8 W	577 mA	67.8 W	322 mA	67.9 W	325 mA	-40 60 °C
	70 %	24.5 V	2,918 mA	71.5 W	79.9 W	670 mA	78.5 W	356 mA	78.5 W	353 mA	-40 60 °C
	80 %	24.5 V	3,335 mA	81.7 W	91.2 W	764 mA	89.3 W	401 mA	89.2 W	379 mA	-40 60 °C
	90 %	24.4 V	3,752 mA	91.9 W	102.1 W	857 mA	99.9 W	447 mA	99.7 W	403 mA	-40 60 °C
	100 %	24.4 V	4,169 mA	101.9 W	114.2 W	954 mA	111.0 W	494 mA	110.7 W	431 mA	-40 60 °C

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384

EN 60598-1

UL8750

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

120 V, 60 Hz

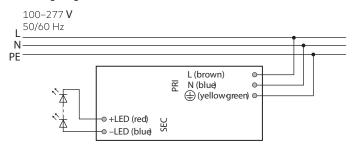
Type	e Output voltag		55 ℃	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	24 V	tc	85 ℃	90 °C	95 ℃	100 ℃
	24 V	Life-time	> 15,000 h	> 10,000 h	> 5,000 h	> 5,000 h
230 V, 50 Hz						
Туре	Output voltage ta		55 ℃	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	24 V	tc	75 ℃	80 ℃	85 °C	90 ℃
		Life-time	> 55,000 h	> 35,000 h	> 25,000 h	> 15,000 h

277 V, 60 Hz

, .,							
Туре	Output voltag	geta	55 ℃	60 °C	60 °C 65 °C		
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	24 V	tc	75 ℃	80 ℃	85 °C	90 ℃	
LC 100W 24V II O/ L L/C ONV	Z-T V	Life-time	> 55.000 h	> 35.000 h	> 25,000 h	> 15,000 h	

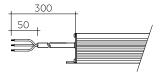
3. Installation / Wiring

3.1 Wiring diagram



3.2 Connection

	Prin	Secondary			
	cal	ca	ble		
L	N	PE	+	-	
brown	blue	yellow-green	brown	blue	



PRI: 3x1.0mm²

SEC: 2x1.0mm²

3.3 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.4 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is supported.

3.5 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following Efficiency

behaviour:

- · Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at standby
- · Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

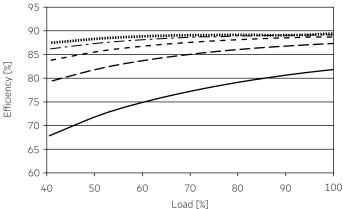
85 80 75 70 65 60 100 40 50 60 70 80 90 Load [%]

3.6 Installation instructions

The functioning of the LC in combination with dimming devices (e.g. PWM) cannot be guaranteed and has to be checked individually before using in combination.

4. Electrical values

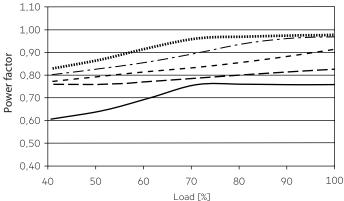
4.1.1 Efficiency vs. load 120 V, 60 Hz



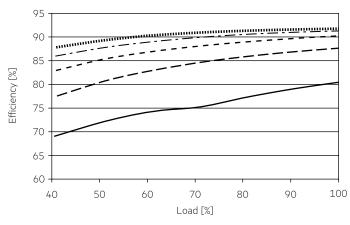
50

4.2.2 Power factor vs. load 230 V, 50 Hz

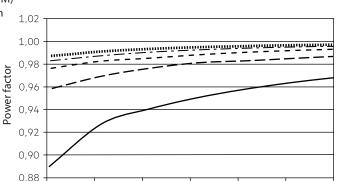
40



4.1.2 Efficiency vs. load 230 V, 50 Hz



4.1.3 Efficiency vs. load 277 V, 60 Hz



70

Load [%]

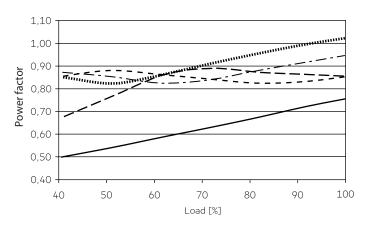
80

60

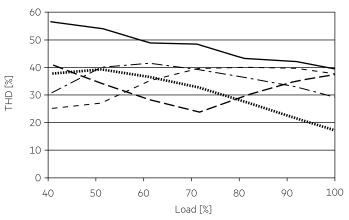
100

90

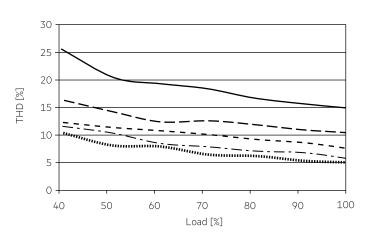
4.2.3 Power factor vs. load 277 V, 60 Hz



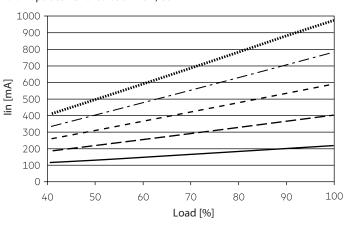
4.3.3 THD vs. load 277 V, 60 Hz THD without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current.



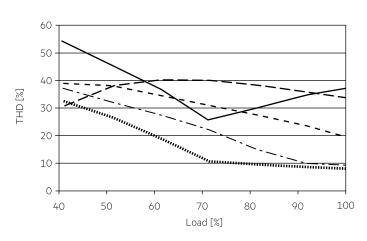
4.3.1 THD vs. load 120 V, 60 Hz THD without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current.



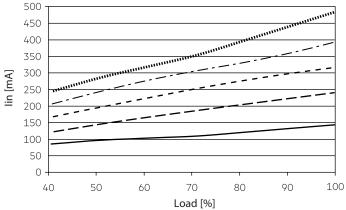
4.4.1 Input current vs. load 120 V, 60 Hz



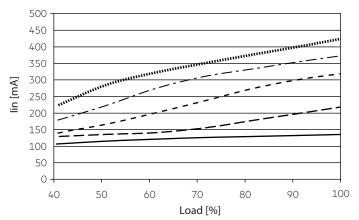
4.3.2 THD vs. load 230 V, 50 Hz THD without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current.



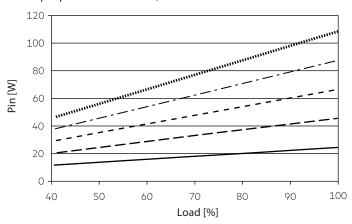
4.4.2 Input current vs. load 230 V, 50 Hz

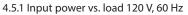


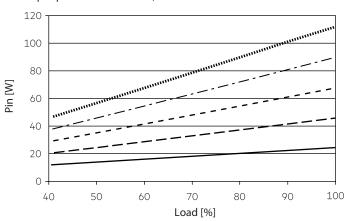
4.4.3 Input current vs. load 277 V, 60 Hz

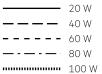


4.5.3 Input power vs. load 277 V, 60 Hz

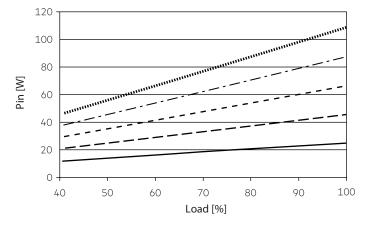








4.5.2 Input power vs. load 230 V, 50 Hz



4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers at 120 V, 60 Hz

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
InstallationØ	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm ²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm ²	l max	time
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	5	6	8	10	3	3	4	5	31A	656µs

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers at 230 V, 50 Hz

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
InstallationØ	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm²	l _{max}	time
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	5	6	8	10	3	3	4	5	59A	628µs

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers at 277 V. 60 Hz

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10 C13 C16 C20 B10 B13 B16 B20					Inrush	n current			
InstallationØ	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	1.5mm²	2.5mm²	I	time
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	5	6	8	10	3	3	4	5	72A	632µs

< 3

4.7 Harmonic distortion in mains supply in %

120 V, 60 Hz:

Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	< 15	< 12	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 3
230 V, 50 Hz:						
Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11
LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV	< 15	< 12	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 3
277 V, 60 Hz:						
Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

< 10

< 12

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

LC 100W 24V IP67 L EXC UNV

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED Driver switchespotential is to be increased from zero at a substantially uniform rate until the off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

< 15

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver will not be damaged in the no-load operation. A voltage of 25.2V DC is permanent at the output.

5.3 Over load protection

If the output current is exceeded, the LED Driver enter hiccup modus. After elimination of the overload fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.4 Over temperature protection

Over temperature protection will be activated for tc > 90 °C. The Driver is shot down when over temperature protction triggered. Auto-recovery when fault condition removed.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +85C

Humidity:

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

(max. 56 days/year at 9%)

According to UL 8750 (informative only!) each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500c. The dielectric withstand test equipment shall employ a transformer of 500-VA or lager capacity and have a variable output

voltage that is essentially sinusoidal or continuous direct current. The applied

As an alternative, UL8750 (informative only!) describes a test of the electrical

strength with 2V AC + 1000V (or 1.414 x V DC). To avoid damage to the electro

required test level is reached, and is to be held at that level for 1 minute.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical informationwatw.tridonic.com Technical Data

10% up to max. 9%, not condensed

Guarantee conditions atww.tridonic.com Services

nic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.